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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/954,904	09/18/2001	Jic Zhang	8747.82 8603		
20551 THORPE NOR	7590 05/07/2007 TH & WESTERN, LLP.		EXAM	INER .	
8180 SOUTH 7	700 EAST, SUITE 200		GEORGE, K	GEORGE, KONATA M	
SANDY, UT 84070			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	•		1616		
		•			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			05/07/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/954,904	ZHANG ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Konata M. George	1616				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)[[]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 Ju	ine 2006					
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٠,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-6,11-14,17 and 19-32</u> is/are pending	g in the application					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
·	Claim(s) <u>1,11-14,17,19,22,23 and 27-32</u> is/are	rejected.					
·	Claim(s) <u>2-6,20,21 and 24-26</u> is/are objected to	•					
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
_	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r					
·	The drawing(s) filed on <u>18 September 2001</u> is/a		ted to by the Examiner				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• • •					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti						
11) 🔲 :	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	,	` ,				
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119	·					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the contract of the contr	or the certified copies not receive	a.				
Attachment	r(s)						
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 10/27/06.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite				

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-6, 11-14, 17 and 19-32 are pending in this application.

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on October 27, 2006 was noted and the submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97.

Accordingly, the examiner has considered the information disclosure statement.

Action Summary

- 2. The rejection of claims 1-6, 11, 12, 20-26 and 28-32 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Zhang et al. and the rejection of claims 14, 19 and 27 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) over Zhang et al. is herby withdrawn with respect to applicant arguments.
- 3. The rejection of claims 1, 11-14, 17, 19, 22, 23 and 27-32 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) over Hillman et al. in view of Bettinger is being maintained for the reasons stated in the previous office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

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4. Claims 1, 11-14, 17, 19, 22, 23 and 27-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hillman et al. (US 5,383,848) in view of Bettinger (US 5,427,585).

Hillman et al. discloses using a heat pack in combination with a transdermal device to promote permeation of a drug (column 25, lines 41-67). Column 9, lines 11-29 teach that analgesics can be used in the invention. The prior art does not teach a temperature modification apparatus or the claimed temperature.

Bettinger discloses heating the skin with an electrode and resistor (col. 3, lines 8-14). It is also taught that it is known in the art to apply moist heat in order to increase blood flow (col. 3, lines 15-21).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the combine teachings of Bettinger that heating the skin with an electrode and resistor increases blood flow with the heated drug pack of Hillman et al. One of ordinary skill would have realized that by heating the skin to increase blood flow and administering an analgesic through the skin via heat would help facilitate the delivery of the drug. With respect to the claimed temperature ranges, absent a clear showing of criticality, the determination of particular temperature ranges is within the skill of the ordinary worker as part of the process of normal optimization to achieve the desired results of the claimed composition.

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Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed June 8, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants argue that Hillman et al. fails to teach the use of a dermal drug delivery system as claimed in the instant invention. Applicant in the claims have not described what the dermal drug delivery system is, therefore, any composition containing a drug and is applied to the dermis can be construed as a dermal drug delivery system. Hillman et al. in column 25, lines 41-67 teach a vasodilator gel being applied to the skin, by the aid of a heat pack. It is taught by Hilliman that a hot pack was applied to the skin prior to drug delivery. This limitation falls within the scope of the temperature modification apparatus being a separate device from the dermal drug delivery. Applicants argue that Bettinger uses electricity to deliver the drug to the skin. While this is true, the skin is heated prior to the delivery of the drug. The claims as written do not exclude the use of electricity from heating the skin prior to delivery of the drug. It is also argued that Bettinger does not teach a dermal drug delivery system as claimed in the instant invention. Applicant in the claims have not described what the dermal drug delivery system is, therefore, any composition containing a drug and is applied to the dermis can be construed as a dermal drug delivery system. It is argued that neither Hilliman et al. nor Bettinger teach the requirement that the heat be applied at a predetermined temperature for a predetermined period of time. It is argued that the use of heat with transdermal administration is potentially dangerous and if left uncontrolled could cause serious consequences, including overdoes or death. While

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this is true, it is the position of the examiner that one of ordinary skill in the art of administering drugs transdermally would have the knowledge to formulate and deliver topically a composition that is safe and non lethal.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 2-6, 20, 21 and 24-26 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The prior art does not teach the temperature modification device as claimed in claim 2.

Conclusion

7. Claims 1, 11-14, 17, 19, 22, 23 and 27-32 remain rejected.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Telephone Inquiries

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Konata M. George, whose telephone number is 571-

272-0613. The examiner can normally be reached from 8AM to 6:30PM Monday to

Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Johann Richter, can be reached at 571-272-0646. The fax phone numbers

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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